

SERIAL PROGRAMMING COMMANDS

6/28/03

Note: guide to "data" or "cmd ok" in second column

"ok" indicates that this can only be a command.

"data" means that only data is returned from the query.
Cannot be a command.

"data/cmd ok" means that when the 3 character mnemonic is sent without data, it is a query with "data" returned.

A "three character mnemonic with data" is a command with "ok" returned, showing that the command was valid and executed, and the data was accepted.

mnemonics return

Direct Unit Control via serial port:

```
ADR          data          // READ serial address

LCL          ok            // return to local mode
RMT SELECT  ok            // set to remote mode
RUN          ok            // starts operation (run prog# step#<cr> or run
STP          ok            // stop halts operation
RES          ok            // reset run
PRR          ok            // reset run
ABT          ok            // abort the current running program & reset to step 1
```

Monitoring values via serial port:

```
MOD          data          // read mode (run, stp, eop, pau, dly, nul)
STA          data          // display status
SP1          data          // read current Setpoint #1
SP2          data          // read current Setpoint #2
SP3          data          // read current Setpoint #3
PR1          data          // read current process variable #1
PR2          data          // read current process variable #2
PR3          data          // read current process variable #3
TIM          data          // read time to go in current step
IFS          data          // interface status (RMT, LCL)
CSN          data          // current run step number
CPN          data          // current run program number
CTG          data          // read no. of cycles to go in current program
LTG          data          // read no. of loops to go in current nested loop
AEV          data          // actual events ON
ALM          data          // alarm string
FRE          data          // number of free frames remaining
```

```

VER      data          // software version number
DAT      data          // software version date
PW1      data          // power output from channel 1
PW2      data          // power output from channel 2
PW3      data          // power output from channel 3

```

Manual Control via serial port:

```

CH1      data/cmd ok    // controller mode for chn 1 (MAN, PROGRAMMER, %PWR)
CH2      data/cmd ok    // controller mode for chn 2 (MAN, PROGRAMMER, %PWR)
CH3      data/cmd ok    // controller mode for chn 3 (MAN, PROGRAMMER, %PWR)
MS1      data/cmd ok    // manual Setpoint for channel 1
MS2      data/cmd ok    // manual Setpoint for channel 2
MS3      data/cmd ok    // manual Setpoint for channel 3
CM1      ok             // clear manual channel 1
CM2      ok             // clear manual channel 2
CM3      ok             // clear manual channel 3
ESR      data/cmd ok    // events source ( returns MAN or PRG): send M or P
MEN      data/cmd ok    // manual event on
MEF      data/cmd ok    // manual event off
MEC      ok             // manual events clear all
MBI      data/cmd ok    // manual thermoboost increase thermal boost
MBD      data/cmd ok    // manual thermoboost decrease thermal boost
M%1      data/cmd ok    // manual pct output for channel 1 (must be in %PWR)
M%2      data/cmd ok    // manual pct output for channel 2 (must be in %PWR)
M%3      data/cmd ok    // manual pct output for channel 3 (must be in %PWR)

```

Configuration via serial port:

```

ADR      data          // READ serial address
SVG      data          // save current configs (input & output) to file
RSG      returns ok after stored data send to unit,
          // restore configs (inputs & outputs)from file
CRM      data/cmd ok    // system configuration (3CH, 2CH, 1CH, 2FT, 1FT)
UN1      data/cmd ok    // channel 1 units (C, F, A, P, or U)
UN2      data/cmd ok    // channel 2 units (C, F, A, P, or U)
UN3      data/cmd ok    // channel 3 units (C, F, A, P, or U)

```

```

CH1      data/cmd ok    // controller mode for chn 1 (MAN PRG %PWR)
CH2      data/cmd ok    // controller mode for chn 2 (MAN PRG %PWR)
CH3      data/cmd ok    // controller mode for chn 3 (MAN PRG %PWR)
FTH      data/cmd ok    // fasttrack high limit
FTL      data/cmd ok    // fastt rack low limit
ESR      data/cmd ok    // events source (MAN PROGRAMMER)
RSP      data/cmd ok    // turn on or off the OK and ? response (default 1)

```

Programming via the serial port:

```

FRS      // retrieve program from FLASH to DRAM,
          add a new first Step
PRN      data/cmd ok    // read/select current program number
STN      data/cmd ok    // read/select current step number
INS      ok             // insert program step

```

```

DES      ok          // delete step
DEP      ok          // delete selected program from FLASH program
SAV      ok          // make certain FLASH is updated, write from DRAM to
                        FLASH

```

```

SLN      "a special command" // program an entire step line. preface to sending
                        entire step

```

```

GLN      data        // get an entire step line

```

```

SS1      data/cmd ok    // select Setpoint 1
SS2      data/cmd ok    // select Setpoint 2
SS3      data/cmd ok    // select Setpoint 3
SH1      data/cmd ok    // select high limit 1
SH2      data/cmd ok    // select high limit 2
SH3      data/cmd ok    // select high limit 3
SL1      data/cmd ok    // select low limit 1
SL2      data/cmd ok    // select low limit 2
SL3      data/cmd ok    // select low limit 3
GS1      data/cmd ok    // guaranteed soak chan 1
GS2      data/cmd ok    // guaranteed soak chan 2
GS3      data/cmd ok    // guaranteed soak chan 3
TBI      data/cmd ok    // thermoboost_inc
TBD      data/cmd ok    // thermoboost_dec
STM      data/cmd ok    // select STEP time
EVN      data/cmd ok    // events on
TYP      // read/set step type
EOP      // eop step
LOP      // loops or cycles
GTO      // goto
GTI      // goto if
PAU

```

```

SPG      "a special command" // send entire program line by line, starting
                        with "cfg, units 1, units 2, units 3"

```

```

GPG      data        // get an entire program line by line starting w/
                        "cfg, units 1, units 2, units 3"

```

```

PRL      // print program list

```

```

STL      // print step list

```

PID Adjustments via the serial port:

```

PD1      data/cmd ok    // current PID set in use for chn 1 (1,2,3,4,B)
PD2      data/cmd ok    // current PID set in use for chn 2 (1,2,3,4,B)
PD3      data/cmd ok    // current PID set in use for chn 3 (1,2,3,4,B)

```

```

C1P xy   data/cmd ok    // current edit PID set for chn 1(x= 1 to 4, y= I or D)
C2P xy   data/cmd ok    // current edit PID set for chn 2(x= 1 to 4, y= I or D)
C3P xy   data/cmd ok    // current edit PID set for chn 3(x= 1 to 4, y= I or D)

```

```

PBN      data/cmd ok    // proportional band
PGN      data/cmd ok    // proportional gain
INT      data/cmd ok    // integral gain
RWI      data/cmd ok    // reset windup inhibit
UWF      data/cmd ok    // unwind factor
ICP      data/cmd ok    // integral clipping

```

```
DER      data/cmd ok      // derivative gain
RAF      data/cmd ok      // rate factor
IDB      data/cmd ok      // integral dead band
```

PID Action internal monitoring via the serial port:

```
CI1      data           // current integral term channel 1
CI2      data           // current integral term channel 2
CI3      data           // current integral term channel 3

IS1      data           // current integral sum channel 1
IS2      data           // current integral sum channel 2
IS3      data           // current integral sum channel 3

CP1      data           // current proportional term channel 1
CP2      data           // current proportional term channel 2
CP3      data           // current proportional term channel 3

CG1      data           // current gain channel 1
CG2      data           // current gain channel 2
CG3      data           // current gain channel 3

CD1      data           // current derivative term channel 1
CD2      data           // current derivative term channel 2
CD3      data           // current derivative term channel 3

CE1      data           // current error channel 1
CE2      data           // current error channel 2
CE3      data           // current error channel 3
```

Current PID Factor Values:

```
IG1      data           // CURRENT GAIN FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 1
IG2      data           // CURRENT GAIN FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 2
IG3      data           // CURRENT GAIN FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 3

DG1      data           // CURRENT RATE FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 1
DG2      data           // CURRENT RATE FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 2
DG3      data           // CURRENT RATE FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 3

RW1      data           // CURRENT RWI FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 1
RW2      data           // CURRENT RWI FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 2
RW3      data           // CURRENT RWI FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 3

CS1      data           // CURRENT SPAN FOR CHANNEL 1
CS2      data           // CURRENT SPAN FOR CHANNEL 2
CS3      data           // CURRENT SPAN FOR CHANNEL 3

UW1      data           // CURRENT UNWIND FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 1
UW2      data           // CURRENT UNWIND FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 2
UW3      data           // CURRENT UNWIND FACTOR FOR CHANNEL 3
```

Serial commands added for user units : (ver 1.201 and later)

User Units - user units can now be assigned from the controller front panel. The default is "p" displayed on the main screen as user units. The letter "m" can be substituted instead of the "p" by sending a command UU1 M<cr> from the serial port. UU1 for channel 1, UU2 for channel 2 or UU3 for channel 3.

When a query of UU1 is sent, the reply is either "p" or "m" depending on the previous serial selection for the "User Units"

Note: If a query of UN1 is sent, the reply can be "C", "F", "A", "P" or "U". If you wish to know what User Unit is in use if you receive a "U", you must send the query "UU1" to receive the reply of "p" or "m".

The commands for reading and setting up the Blended PID sets are now available. (ver 1.201 and later)

The existing command PD1, PD2 and PD3 as queries will return 1,2,3,4 of B (for blended). If sent as a command with the arguments of 1,2,3,4 or B. the channel will be set accordingly.

The newly added command (and query) are:

For channel 1 as an example - PB1 <pid set> <E or D> <SetPoint Value>

Where: "pid set" is 1,2,3 or 4

"E or D" is Enabled or Disabled

"SetPoint Value" is the setpoint at which the PID value used in the interpolation algorithm

Note: The query is composed of two elements: "PBn m " where

n = channel number (1,2 or 3)

m = pid set number (1,2,3 or 4)

The reply has two elements: "E (or D)" and "Value of the setpoint"

For example, a query of "PB1 1" (channel 1, pid set 1) might return the following: E 0 where E means Enabled and 0 means 0 degrees setpoint value.


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